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GENERAL

1.	Bohlen analyzes Soviet pre-Geneva maneuvers:
25X1A	Ambassador Bohlen believes that Moscow is showing great sensitivity on the question of China's status at Geneva. This was revealed by its unusually swift reaction to Secretary Dulles' statement on 16 March that the Soviets were stalling and suggesting that there were differences between the Soviets and Chinese on Geneva arrangements. Bohlen argues that one of the Foreign Ministry's motives in announcing his interview with Deputy Foreign Minister Kuznetsov was to emphasize that Communist China had been consulted and had given its assent.
	Bohlen further suggests that this development "confirms the fact" of Sino-Soviet difficulties and reflects a Soviet attempt to move gradually toward the concept of a five-power conference with a special status for China.
	Comment: Statements of Soviet officials and propaganda since Berlin have attempted to disguise the fact that the agreement reached at Berlin falls far short of Molotov's proposal for a five-power conference. The omission of any mention of consultations with North Korea, and the report that both the Chinese and Soviet delegations will consist of 200 persons, also reflect Moscow's efforts to confer great-power status on Peiping.
	Available intelligence does not support the thesis that Moscow and Peiping are having difficulties over conference arrangements or are seeking to delay the Geneva conference.
	FAR EAST
2.	South Korean press reports government selecting Geneva delegates:
25X1A	A South Korean newspaper, the Taegu Shinmun, reported on 3 March that the
	government was engaged in selecting approximately 12 persons for its delegation to Geneva. The paper identified the source as a high-ranking South Korean official.
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	Comment: A report in late February, stated that President Rhee had selected William Glenn as the American adviser to the South Korean delega- tion. These are the only two reports noted to date that South Korea is making plans to attend.
·	In view of Rhee's fear that Korea will be abandoned at Geneva, and his sensitivity over foreign "interference" with Korean affairs, South Korea will probably send a delegation regardless of the outcome of the current negotiations with the United States. 25X1A
	SOUTHEAST ASIA
3.	
25X1A	Vietnamese premier Buu Loc has insisted that the Associated States be represented "as interested parties" at the Geneva conference, 25X1
9	Meanwhile, current French-Vietnamese negotiations in Paris are stalled over Buu Loc's demand for a French declaration of Vietnam's independence, to precede a Vietnamese declaration of adherence to the French Union. French foreign minister Bidault wants both declarations issued simultaneously.
	Comment: Pending the outcome of the Paris negotiations, Vietnam has taken no public position on attending the conference. French Foreign Ministry spokesmen oppose having the Associated States at Geneva since their attendance would provide the Communists with a justification for inviting the Viet Minh.
4.	Vietnamese official wants US to back no-surrender policy:
25X1A	Governor Tri of Tonkin told the American consul in Hanoi that most persons with whom he is in contact share his "profound discouragement" with the turn which French-Vietnamese discussions in Paris are taking.

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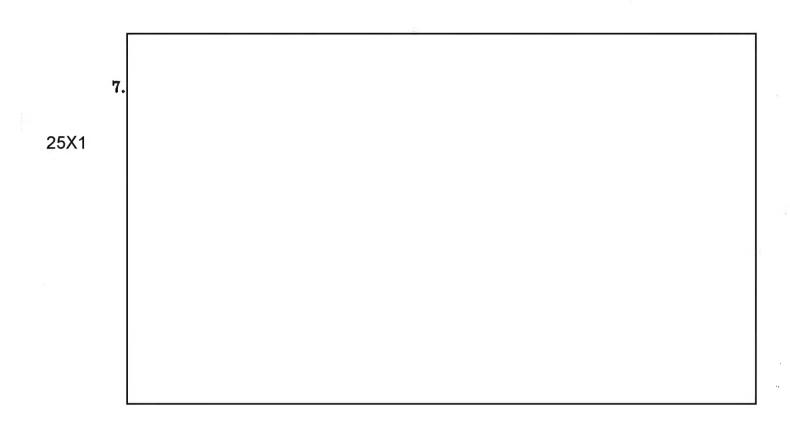
Tri said that without a French affirmation of real Vietnamese independence, the Buu Loc government will be unable to take a firm stand against surrender to the Viet Minh--whether open or disguised. He added that United States support was essential to prevent any sellout at Geneva, or elsewhere.

American, as distinct from French, backing against the Viet Minh, Tri is expressing views long held by most non-Communist Vietnamese.

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6.	Communists may have ordered surrender of Indonesian insurgents:	
25X1A	The American embassy in Diakarta reports	
	a Communist-oriented guerrilla force and	
	Java, surrendered on 17 March. The Indonesian army commander in	
	of the "Bamboo Spears" has been reduced by 80 percent as a result of	h
	this and other surrenders.	
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The embassy speculates that such surrenders may be ordered by the Indonesian Communist Party to strengthen its demands for stronger government action against the Darul Islam.

Comment: This course would be consistent with the current Communist policy of cooperating with the leftist Indonesian government. The Communists stand to lose no military potential, since the surrendered personnel could be absorbed by a Communist-controlled veterans organization which is openly carrying on paramilitary training. The defense minister is on record as favoring the issue of arms to this group to help it fight the Darul Islam.



NEAR EAST - AFRICA

	8.	Arab-Israeli te	ension mo	unts:	
25X1A					nt, under the moderate Iinister Moshe Sharett, immediate major
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25X1A	retaliatory action against either Syria or Jordan for alleged recent acts of aggression. This seems clear despite strong pressure from extremists, certain elements within the army and the public generally for such action.
	Neither Jordan nor Syria wants to reopen hostilities with Israel. Jordan, according to Ambassador Mallory in Amman, fully recognizes its military inferiority. The new caretaker government of Syria does not want to break its armistice agreement with Israel, according to Ambassador Moose in Damascus.
	on both sides are likely to prevent a major outbreak of hostilities, they cannot prevent mounting diplomatic and propaganda warfare. Israel is already using the current tension as an argument against American military aid to any Arab state. Jordan will persist in its refusal to hold high-level armistice talks with Israel, and the Syrian government will strengthen itself by a strong anti-Israeli position.
9.	Rift widening between Iraq and Egypt over Turkish-Pakistani pact:
25X1A	Prime Minister Jamali warned Egypt, apparently on 17 March, that he would open a "cold war" if Egyptian radio attacks on Iraq's alleged negotiations with Pakistan
	and other non-Arab states were not stopped within three days. Jamali said he would accuse the radio station of being pro-Israel and pro-Communist.
	Comment: Relations between Egypt and Iraq, traditional rivals for leadership of the Arab states, have cooled noticeably in recent weeks. Iraq has been promoting an Arab federation plan and showing increasing independence of the Egyptian-dominated Arab League.
	Egyptian attacks on Iraq are likely to encourage similar criticism from other Arab countries, particularly Saudi Arabia. This, along with mounting internal opposition in Iraq to participation in a foreign military alliance, makes it increasingly difficult for Jamali to align himself with the West.
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EASTERN EUROPE

:	10.	Comment on Polish party and government reshuffle:
	25X1A	The resignation of Bierut as premier does not significantly alter the power structure in Poland. He remains first secretary and thu head of the party. The change in Poland is in line with current Orbit policy emphasizing collective leadership by separating the leadership of the party and government.
		In the Polish reshuffle the post of party chairman was dropped and one member of the politburo was replaced. The size of the secretariat has been reduced to four members, none of whom occupies a position in the government.
	25X1A	The new premier, Cyrankiewicz, a former Socialist and a member of the politburo of the Communist Party, was premier until November 1952, when the government was last reorganized
		WESTERN EUROPE
25X1A	11.	French leak secret "American timetable" on EDC: 25X1
		Ambassador Bruce believes that certain French government officials deliberately disseminated the document to journalists as well as to political opponents of EDC. He states that the French government is itself to blame in case of postponement of the EDC debate and is seeking an excuse to shift the onus to the Socialist Party and to the American, British and West German governments.
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The memorandum, according to Bruce, was a working document to show how United States assurances would fit into the program of measures of interested nations to make possible a debate and vote on EDC before the Easter holidays.

Comment: This further decreases the likelihood that Laniel will be able to adhere to his schedule for EDC ratification. The schedule provided for starting debate in the National Assembly before the Easter recess.

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